Art Unit: 1642

In the claims:

Please cancel claims 49-70, 71, 76, 92, and 99-101 without prejudice. Please amend claims 48, 72, 77, 82, 83, 89, 97, and 98 as follows:

48. (Amended) A method for [modulating] <u>inhibiting</u> T cell responsiveness, comprising [contacting a T cell which expresses a cytokine receptor γ chain with an antibody which binds to and transduces a signal via the γ chain such that T cell responsiveness is modulated or] (i) contacting a T cell which expresses a cytokine receptor γ chain with an agent which [modulates] <u>inhibits</u> a signal associated with ligation of the cytokine receptor γ chain such that T cell responsiveness is [modulated] <u>inhibited</u>, and (ii) detecting whether signal transduction via the cytokine receptor γ chain occurs, wherein the agent is selected form the group consisting of an anti-interleukin-4 antibody, an anti-interleukin-7 antibody, and an anti-interleukin-15 antibody.

72. (Amended) The method of claim [71] $\underline{48}$, wherein the agent acts extracellularly to inhibit delivery of a signal associated with the cytokine receptor γ chain.

77. (Amended) The method of claim [71] $\underline{48}$, wherein the agent acts intracellularly to inhibit a signal associated with the cytokine receptor γ chain.

- 82. (Amended) The method of claim [71] 48, wherein the T cell is contacted *in vivo* with the agent.
- 83. (Amended) The method of claim [71] 48, wherein the primary activation signal is delivered by an antigen.
- 89. (Amended) The method of claim [71] 48, wherein the T cell is a donor T cell in bone marrow and the primary activation signal is delivered by a cell which expresses a recipient antigen, resulting in donor T cell unresponsiveness to the cell which expresses the recipient antigen and inhibition of graft-versus-host disease in a bone marrow transplant recipient.
- 97. Amended The method of claim [50] 48, wherein the T cell is contacted with the agent in vitro.